

Recognising and celebrating the presence of Christ in one another.

All learning objectives for key stages 1 and 2 have been mapped to the National Centre for Computing Education's taxonomy of ten strands, which ensures that units build on each other from one key stage to the next. At St Mary of the Angels, every year group learns through units within the same four themes (computing systems and networks, programming, data and information and creating media). This approach allows us to use the spiral curriculum approach to progress skills and concepts from one year group to the next. Themes are revisited regularly through different units (at least once in each year group), enabling children to build on prior learning within each theme. This style of curriculum design reduces the amount of knowledge lost through forgetting, as topics are revisited yearly, helping our children make connections and to know and remember more.

	Computing systems and networks	Creating media	Programming A	Data and information	Creating media	Programming B
Year 1	Technology around us	Digital painting	Moving a robot	Grouping data	Digital writing	Programming animations
	Recognising technology in school and using it responsibly.	Choosing appropriate tools in a program to create art and making comparisons with working non-digitally.	Writing short algorithms and programs for floor robots and predicting program outcomes.	Exploring object labels, then using them to sort and group objects by properties.	Using a computer to create and format text, before comparing to writing non-digitally.	Designing and programming the movement of a character on screen to tell stories.
Year 2	Information technology around	Digital photography	Robot algorithms	Pictograms	Digital music	Programming quizzes
	us Identifying IT and how its responsible use improves our world in school and beyond.	Capturing and changing digital photographs for different purposes.	Creating and debugging programs and using logical reasoning to make predictions.	Collecting data in tally charts and using attributes to organise and present data on a computer.	Using a computer as a tool to explore rhythms and melodies, before creating a musical composition.	Designing algorithms and programs that use events to trigger sequences of code to make an interactive quiz.



Year 3	Connecting computers Identifying that digital devices have inputs, processes, and outputs, and how devices can be connected to make networks.	Audio production Capturing and editing audio to produce a podcast, ensuring that copyright is considered.	Sequencing sounds Creating sequences in a block-based programming language to make music.	Branching databases Building and using branching databases to group objects using yes/no questions.	Creating documents by modifying text, images, and page layouts for a specified purpose.	Events and actions in programs Writing algorithms and programs that use a range of events to trigger sequences of actions.
Year 4	The internet Recognising the internet as a network of networks including the WWW, and why we should evaluate online content.	Stop-frame animation Capturing and editing digital still images to produce a stop-frame animation that tells a story.	Using a text-based programming language to explore count-controlled loops when drawing shapes.	Data logging Recognising how and why data is collected over time, before using data loggers to carry out an investigation.	Photo editing Manipulating digital images, and reflecting on the impact of changes and whether the required purpose is fulfilled.	Repetition in games Using a block-based programming language to explore count-controlled and infinite loops when creating a game.
Year 5	Systems and searching Recognising IT systems in the world and how some can enable searching on the internet.	Video production Planning, capturing, and editing video to produce a short film.	Inputs and outputs Using inputs and outputs to make a physical device work.	Flat-file databases Using a database to order data and create charts to answer questions.	Introduction to vector graphics Creating images in a drawing program by using layers and groups of objects.	Selection in quizzes Exploring selection in programming to design and code an interactive quiz.



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Year 6	Communication and collaboration	Webpage creation	Variables in games	Introduction to spreadsheets	3D modelling	Sensing movement
	Exploring how data is transferred by working collaboratively online.	Designing and creating webpages, giving consideration to copyright, aesthetics, and navigation.	Exploring variables when designing and coding a game.	Answering questions by using spreadsheets to organise and calculate data.	Planning, developing, and evaluating 3D computer models of physical objects.	Designing and coding a project that captures inputs from a physical device.

National Curriculum aims:

The national curriculum for computing aims to ensure that all pupils:

- > can understand and apply the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms, and data representation
- > can analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer programs in order to solve such problems
- > can evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problems
- > are responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology



National Curriculum Coverage - Years 1 and 2	1.1 Technology around us	1.2 Digital painting	1.3 Moving a robot	1.4 Grouping data	1.5 Digital Writing	1.6 Programming animations	2.1 Information technology around us		2.3 Robot algorithm	2.4 Pictograms	2.5 Digital music	2.6 Programming quizzes
Understand what algorithms are, how they are implemented as programs on digital devices, and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions			√			√			√			√
Create and debug simple programs			√			√			√			√
Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs			√			√			√			√
Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate, and retrieve digital content	√	√		√	√		√	√		√	√	√
Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school	√		√				√	√				
Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies	√			√	√		√	√	√	✓		



National Curriculum Coverage – Years 3 and 4	3.1 Connecting computers	3.2 Audio production	3.3 Sequencing sounds	3.4 Branching database	3.5 Desktop publishing	3.6 Events and actions in pictograms	4.1 The internet	4.2 Stop-frame animation	4.3 Repetition in shapes	4.4 Data logging	4.5 Photo editing	4.6 Repetition in games
Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts			√			√			√			✓
Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output	√		√			√			√	√		√
Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs			✓			√			√			✓
Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration	√						√					
Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content		√			√		√				√	
Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information	✓	✓	✓	√	√	√	✓	✓	√	√	√	✓
Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact		✓		√			√	√			√	



National Curriculum Coverage - Years 5 and 6	5.1 Systems and searching	5.2 Video production	5.3 Inputs and outputs	5.4 Flat-file databases	5.5 Introduction to vector graphics	5.6 Selection in quizzes	6.1 Communication and collaboration		6.3 Variables in games	6.4 Introduction to spreadsheets	6.5 3D modelling	6.6 Sensing movements
Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts			√			√	√		✓			✓
Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output			√			√			√			√
Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs			√			√			√			✓
Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration	√						√					
Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content		√		√				√				
Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information	✓	√		√	√	√	√	√	√	√	✓	✓
Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact	√	√						√	√		✓	