

Intention Data, Recovery programme, resources, staffing including pedagogy, innovation	<u>Implementation</u>	Implementation Time frame/ Staff involved	Proposed Impact	Evidence towards proposed impact
To develop EYFS and KS1 pupils' speaking and listening skills and wider understanding of language to support their reading and writing.	audit current practise using the 'The reading framework - teaching the foundations of literacy'. Provide quality, daily storytime as a priority. Prepare the story and plan the teaching of vocabulary so they can capture the children's attention and extend the children's language and thinking during interactions and activities. Provide engaging collaborative activities that provide opportunities to learn/hear language often and in wider learning (e.g. 'Back and Forth Talk, using the outdoors, educational visits and visitors, etc). * PP children and boys have opportunities to develop and enhance life experiences and extend speaking and listening skills – identified as a growing concern as a direct consequence of Lock down Identify and support children with speech, language and communications needs by providing extra small-group	All EYFS & KS1 Staff Autumn Term All staff to have spent their £500 on purchasing high- quality texts for their reading areas by end of Autumn 1. SP complete monitoring and audit again in the Spring Term.	 Children's language and vocabulary increased. Used in reading and writing in each of the EYFS areas of learning, and in KS1 for each subject. Percentage of PP chn and Boys achieving ARE increased. Pupil voice evidences that the daily time for stories is a priority. Teachers are confident in preparing the story reading so they can capture children's attention and extend chn's language and thinking. Effective procedures and extra small-group story times are timetabled for children with speech, language and communication needs. Through pupil voice children share experiences of stories, trips and classroom experiences with good knowledge, high enthusiasm and extended vocabulary. Books are available for parents to share with their children at home. They know the benefits of reading aloud at home and are confident in doing so. Book corners are appealing to children and uncluttered. 	



	storytimes and continue with WellComm intervention.		
	Continue to ensure book areas are appealing, uncluttered and contain high-quality stories to read aloud to children, including traditional and modern stories.		
	Make reading for pleasure books available for parents to share with their children at home (one decodable book and one RFP book taken home each week). Use the class page/website to explain the benefits of reading aloud at home and provide a 'How to Guide' or share a WAGOLL video of the teacher/TA storytime.		
	English Lead to:		
	provide guidance to all staff on how to develop talk, read books aloud and lead quality discussions.		
	Through drop-ins or by watching video recordings, monitor to ensure high quality adult-child interactions are occurring during 'Back and Forth talk' and 'Storytime', etc.		
To continue to provide an effective systematic phonics programme	English Lead/ASH will Identify the training needs of staff.	 All staff have the necessary pedagogical skills and content knowledge Staff have the confidence to respond and check if learning should be accelerated or extra support is needed. Specific difficulties impact on future teaching. 	



Ensure parents are well informed of the phonics program taught at SMA	Staff will Plan a parents meeting to support in the teaching of reading and phonics at home. English lead will Evaluate the impact of the parent workshops	(November 2021)	A	Lessons engage pupils and are enjoyable to teach. Parents are confident in supporting their child in the teaching of reading/phonics	
To assess and monitor attainment and progress of the children in KS 1 (priority – Year 2)	Teachers will Carefully analyse children's phonics assessments and use the information to decide where learning can be accelerated, or extra support is needed. Deliver phonics lessons which achieve the highest levels of engagement and motivation, are well-paced and purposeful. Send home reading books that match the phonic lessons Assess all children in Year 1 at check points across the year, Year 2 (Autumn term). Identify gaps and plan accordingly to meet these gaps. Booster groups to be planned	KS1/EYFS staff – half termly	A A A	Phonic assessment and screening is robust and informs planning and teaching Resources support the teaching of phonics and provide engaging phonic sessions Staff are well informed of the children's phonic ability Reading books are sent home to match their phonic sessions consolidating phonic knowledge.	



To improve reading	English Lead to:	All Staff	 SLT have an overview of the phonics taught at SMA and address any issues going forward Children are reaching their full potential in phonics Teachers are confident in teaching
comprehension by developing fluent reading capabilities and by building reading stamina.	Ensure all staff understand why fluency is essential for children's reading comprehension and outcomes at the end of KS1 and KS2. Provide appropriate guidance and support on resources and strategies. All staff to: Provide guided oral reading instruction (echo reading and choral reading) — teachers model fluent, expressive reading of a text, then pupils read the same text aloud with appropriate expression and intonation; provide feedback Provide time for repeated reading—pupils sometimes reread a short and meaningful passage a set number of times or until they reach a suitable level of fluency. Provide time for chn to read-out-loud for a purpose (E.g. to entertain when performing poetry, to inform in a lesson or collective worship, etc) Assess to ensure chn can read the appropriate number of words per minute for their age group (90 words per minute	SP to provide training for all staff including TAs and Peer Learning Mentors.	children how to read fluently. Explicit teaching of reading fluently and expressively is evidenced. Children's pace and fluency has improved. Greater percentage of chn reading 90 words per minute. Greater percentage of chn completing timed reading assessments. Reading comprehension outcomes including summative and statutory assessment results improved. Year 2- Trend in girl/boy - girls are marginally underachieving when compared to boys (57% ARE G: 63% ARE B 14% G: 31% B HS) LA PP to show accelerated progress. Year 3 – HA Boys and PP boys to show accelerated progress. Year 4 – Targeted HA girls make good progress. Year 5 – 23% Boys: 37% girls achieveing HS scores - reduction in B/G divide in HA Year 6 – reduction in the gap between girl/boy attainment at ARE and HS (54%/15% B: 88%/47% G)



	of an age appropriate text from Y2 onwards). Organise children into groups and use Peer Learning Mentors so children can practise reading a 'decodable' book or text. Ensure identified groups of chn receive extra reading time. Identify and provide intervention for those chn, particularly PP chn and boys, who may need a focus on more basic skills, such as decoding and phonological awareness in addition to practising fluency. Girls in Y2 also need targeting.		
To teach reading comprehension strategies through modelling and supported practice	English lead to: Provide training on reciprocal reading approach (teaching specific strategies that pupils can apply both to monitor and overcome barriers to comprehension). Teaching Staff will: Describe and model the strategies before pupils practise the strategies and provide feedback. Gradually reduce support as pupils take increased responsibility.	 Reading comprehension outcomes including summative and statutory assessment results improve. Year 2- Trend in girl/boy - girls are marginally underachieving when compared to boys (57% ARE G: 63% ARE B 14% G: 31% B HS) LA PP to show accelerated progress. Year 3 – HA Boys and PP boys to show accelerated progress. Year 4 – Targeted HA girls make good progress. Year 5 – 23% Boys: 37% girls achieveing HS scores - reduction in B/G divide in HA Year 6 – reduction in the gap between girl/boy attainment at ARE and HS (54%/15% B: 88%/47% G) 	

English Action Plan for 2021/22

Owner(s): Sheryl Polito Last revisited: Sept 2021



To promote fluent written transcription skills by encouraging extensive and purposeful practice and explicitly teaching spelling across KS1 & KS2

Provide spelling & handwriting intervention to close the gap for those children identified as being affected by school closures.

English Lead to:

Advise all staff on how to use 'Spellingframe' as a teaching tool, as homework and for intervention.

Monitor effectiveness of this through assessment

Review end of year assessment results and the use of the new resources; adapt as necessary to further improve outcomes.

Teachers and TAs will:

Use 'Spellingframe' for whole class teaching, group work, homework and intervention

Monitor pupils' engagement and assess weekly.

Provide support on using Spellingframe for new parents via the class page.

Autumn Term

SP – purchase resource, training and support.

Throughout the year – Monitor effective use

All staff - First half term to be up and running.

- Staff are confident in using the tool to support whole class teaching, homework and intervention.
- Spelling is taught consistently and with progressive coverage of the curriculum visible across the Key Stages.
- Diagnostic assessment tool focuses effort on the spellings which pupils are finding difficult
- Improved spelling results for all groups of learners.
- Improved spelling evident in pupils work across the curriculum.
- Gaps closed with the majority of the class working on ARE spelling rules and patterns.
- Improved engagement in home learning and parental support.

To improve writing by teaching composition strategies though modelling and supported practise in English and the wider curriculum.

English lead will:

Ensure staff are aware that 'Purpose and Audience' are central to effective writing. (Pupils need to have a reason to write and someone to write for).

Provide guidance, support and sign-post resources to support teaching the seven components of the writing process in KS2 (planning; • drafting; • sharing; • evaluating; • revising; • editing; and • publishing).

Staff to monitor termly addressing the gaps

ES/SP/COH to look at evidence and monitor that the gaps are reducing due to increased opportunities.

- Termly assessment/moderation demonstrate good progress in all year groups in all areas of composition
- English books show greater quantity and quality in writing
- Standards in writing are good or better
- Staff provide teaching and learning opportunities which challenge and provide opportunity for HA to demonstrate GD capability.
- English books show greater quantity and quality in writing at SMA

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Continue to monitor use of:

i. quality texts to inspire writing. How effectively is it being used to develop / widen vocabulary and develop writing skills?

ii.Use of Long term writing plan across key stages to ensure that all genres and text types are taught by end of year 5 (to allow for revision and refinement in year 6)

iii. Regular opportunities for independent writing – revisiting previous genres/text types each term

iv. Evidence of weekly writing making use of RE, WLP and science

v. Monitoring cohesion and coherence. Teachers will

Teachers will:

Identify interests within the cohort and plan writing opportunities to encourage both narrative and non-fiction across all curriculum areas; English, RE, Science & WLP lessons.

Recognise the boy/girl agenda using data shared with them in writing – Termly monitoring (ES/SP/COH) of books/examples of writing and planning.

- Standards in writing at GD have moved further in line with those in Reading, Maths and Grammar
- Pupils voice provides evidence of high engagement and enthusiasm for writing.

Year 6 - Trend in girl/ boy 76% G /54% B ARE is reduced. Maintain existing and build on ARE writers with particular attention to boys.

Year 5 - Trend in girl/ boy 83% G /77% B ARE and 33% G/15% B GD.

Maintain existing and build on HA Boy writers.

Year 4 - Trend in girl/ boy broadly equivalent acknowledging Boy /Girl Ratio(73% B: 84% G) ARE Accelerate with additional and different support next year; what will this look like?

Year 3 - Boys are underachieving when compared to girls and when compared with national data (78% ARE G: 50% ARE B) LA boys to show progress.

Year 2- Trend in girl/ boy Boys are underachieving when compared to girls (79% ARE G: 69% ARE B)LA PP boys to show progress.

Year 1 - Trend in girl/ boy Progress strong: 4 boys underachieving compared with 2 girls. Accelerated



To target teaching and	English team to:	expectations in specific areas have ensured exciting writing opportunities has been delivered. Expectations around Marking and
support by accurately assessing pupil needs and providing timely and informative feedback	Ensure that feedback (including pupil responses and conferencing VF) are in line with expectations and promote progress. Ensure that self/peer-assessment is being used. Are children equipped with appropriate expertise to identify next-step individual targets following teacher, self and peer-assessment? Share good practise and provide coaching support for teachers where the quality of feedback requires improvement. Teaching staff to: Further increase children's use of self and peer-assessment within their writing across the curriculum (YY and OO). check pupils' understanding systematically and effectively in lessons, offering clearly directed and timely support to aid progression and encourage self-assessment and next-steps. Ensure that chn have time to respond to feedback	Feedback are well established and evident Quality of feedback is good in all year groups Book Monitoring reveals teachers following Feedback policy. Pupil progress and effective editing as a result of effective marking/VF will be evident. Pupil voice – children can articulate feedback and are aware of next steps and targets. All children continue to have 'Gap Task' time to respond to feedback or correct/edit work as appropriate. Evidence through book scrutiny and pupil voice.



	Continue to use assessment procedures as a means to track pupil progress, derive targets and inform planning. Model how to respond effectively to feedback when editing and refining their work. Compete writing moderation each half term.				
Update <u>WEBSITE</u> to reflect schools policies and practices in English	SP & Teachers will ✓ Create an English page to include; an English Overview and progression overview for whole school, Whole school Reading Spine, Phonics, Writing, SPAG and Handwriting, KKO's, Pupil voice videos	Teaching staff/ middle leaders- by the end of Autumn Term 2021 and continue throughout the year.	>	Parents are able to access and support the learning with their child linked with English on the school website.	
Planning/ Resourcing/staff pedagogy? KKO's are created and up to date, to support the learning and the Curriculum that is mapped out for English Class page and website prior to the start of the projects share the KKO	 Teachers will ✓ Produce KKO's for Reading and writing as they are taught – to be shared with parents. Wider Learning team will ✓ Monitor class page, curriculum coverage with KKO Children will ✓ Use the KKO's in their learning ✓ Evidence that their learning matches and links with KKO's. 	Staff / SP- Half termly to be monitored	>	Parents are well informed Website is up to date with information regarded learning in English	



Pupil Voice – evidence	Engllish team will	SP – Termly	> SLT are aware of what the children
gathered; what are the children at SMA saying about the teaching & learning in English lessons?	✓ Gather evidence of group pupil voice in each year group. Teachers will	Staff - Termly	are saying about their learning linked English. Children are able to identify the skills and the understanding of why they are learning what they are learning.
Pupil voice correctly informs staff about Teaching & Learning in English.	✓ Use pupil voice time to gather information linked with English		
Previous pupil voice is shared and acted on.			